

**Security Council**Distr.: General
11 October 2002

Resolution 1437 (2002)**Adopted by the Security Council at its 4622nd meeting, on
11 October 2002***The Security Council,*

Recalling all its earlier relevant resolutions, including resolutions 779 (1992) of 6 October 1992, 981 (1995) of 31 March 1995, 1088 (1996) of 12 December 1996, 1147 (1998) of 13 January 1998, 1183 (1998) of 15 July 1998, 1222 (1999) of 15 January 1999, 1252 (1999) of 15 July 1999, 1285 (2000) of 13 January 2000, 1307 (2000) of 13 July 2000, 1335 (2001) of 12 January 2001, 1357 (2001) of 21 June 2001, 1362 (2001) of 11 July 2001, 1387 (2002) of 15 January 2002 and 1424 (2002) of 12 July 2002,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 2 October 2002 (S/2002/1101) on the United Nations Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (UNMOP),

Reaffirming once again its commitment to the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Croatia within its internationally recognized borders,

Noting once again the Joint Declaration signed at Geneva on 30 September 1992 by the Presidents of the Republic of Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, in particular articles 1 and 3 thereof the latter reaffirming their agreement concerning the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula, and the Agreement on Normalization of Relations between the Republic of Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia of 23 August 1996 (S/1996/706, annex),

Noting with satisfaction that the overall situation in the UNMOP area of responsibility has remained stable and calm, and *encouraged* by the progress made by the parties in normalizing their bilateral relationship, in particular through negotiations aimed at finding a transitional arrangement for the Prevlaka peninsula,

Commending the role played by UNMOP, and noting also that the presence of the United Nations military observers continues to be important in maintaining conditions that are conducive to a negotiated settlement of the disputed issue of Prevlaka,

Recalling the relevant principles contained in the Convention on the Safety of the United Nations and Associated Personnel adopted on 9 December 1994 and the statement of its President of 10 February 2000 (S/PRST/2000/4),



1. *Authorizes* UNMOP to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula, as a last extension of its mandate, until 15 December 2002;
2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare for the termination of UNMOP's mandate on 15 December 2002 by gradually reducing the number of personnel and concentrating its activities in a way that reflects the stable and peaceful conditions in the area and the normalization of relations between the parties;
3. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the completion of UNMOP's mandate;
4. *Reiterates* its calls upon the parties to comply with the demilitarized regime in the United Nations designated zones, to cooperate fully with the United Nations military observers and to ensure their safety and full and unrestricted freedom of movement;
5. *Welcomes* continuing progress in the normalization of relations between the Governments of the Republic of Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the establishment of an interstate Border Commission, and urges the parties to accelerate efforts towards a negotiated settlement on the disputed issue of Prevlaka in accordance with article 4 of the Agreement on Normalization of Relations;
6. *Expresses* its readiness to review the duration of the authority given in paragraph 1 above, with a view to shortening the time frame, if the parties so request;
7. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.



Security Council

Distr.: General
14 October 2002

Resolution 1438 (2002)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 4624th meeting, on
14 October 2002

The Security Council,

Reaffirming the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and its relevant resolutions, in particular resolution 1373 (2001) of 28 September 2001,

Reaffirming the need to combat by all means, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, threats to international peace and security caused by terrorist acts,

1. *Condemns* in the strongest terms the bomb attacks in Bali, Indonesia, on 12 October 2002 in which so many lives were claimed and people injured, as well as other recent terrorist acts in various countries, and regards such acts, like any act of international terrorism, as a threat to international peace and security;

2. *Expresses* its deepest sympathy and condolences to the Government and people of Indonesia and to the victims of the bomb attacks and their families;

3. *Urges* all States, in accordance with their obligations under resolution 1373 (2001), to work together urgently and to cooperate with and provide support and assistance, as appropriate, to the Indonesian authorities in their efforts to find and bring to justice the perpetrators, organizers and sponsors of these terrorist attacks;

4. *Expresses* its reinforced determination to combat all forms of terrorism, in accordance with its responsibilities under the Charter of the United Nations.



**Security Council**Distr.: General
18 October 2002

Resolution 1439 (2002)**Adopted by the Security Council at its 4628th meeting, on
18 October 2002***The Security Council,*

Reaffirming its resolutions 864 (1993) of 15 September 1993 and all subsequent relevant resolutions, in particular resolutions 1127 (1997) of 28 August 1997, 1173 (1998) of 12 June 1998, 1237 (1999) of 7 May 1999, 1295 (2000) of 18 April 2000, 1336 (2001) of 23 January 2001, 1348 (2001) of 19 April 2001, 1374 (2001) of 19 October 2001, 1404 (2002) of 18 April 2002, 1412 (2002) of 17 May 2002 and 1432 (2002) of 15 August 2002,

Reaffirming also its commitment to preserve the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Angola,

Welcoming the steps taken by the Government of Angola and União Nacional para a Independência Total de Angola (UNITA) toward the full implementation of the "Acordos de Paz", the Lusaka Protocol (S/1994/1441, annex), the Memorandum of Understanding of 4 April 2002 (S/2002/483), and the relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions,

Welcoming also the reconvening of the Joint Commission, the establishment of the United Nations Mission in Angola, and the appointment of a Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Angola,

Expressing once again its concern regarding the humanitarian effects of the present situation on the civilian population of Angola,

Recognizing the importance attached, inter alia, to the monitoring, for as long as it is necessary, of the implementation of the provisions contained in resolutions 864 (1993), 1127 (1997) and 1173 (1998),

Noting the existence of continued challenges to the stability of Angola and determining that ensuring the stability of Angola is necessary for the maintenance of peace and security in the region,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

1. *Expresses* its intention to give full consideration to the additional report of the monitoring mechanism established pursuant to resolution 1295 (2000) submitted pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 1404 (2002);



2. *Decides* to extend the mandate of the monitoring mechanism for a further period of two months, ending on 19 December 2002, subject to review by the Council;

3. *Requests* the monitoring mechanism to provide the Committee established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") within 10 days of the date of adoption of this resolution with an action plan for its future work to include:

- plans for ample consultations in Angola between members of the monitoring mechanism and representatives of both the Government of Angola and UNITA with a view to assessing the situation and to contributing towards a full review by the Council of the measures imposed against UNITA once the peace process has been completed;
- an assessment of possible violations of existing measures imposed against UNITA that may have occurred since the signing of the Memorandum of Understanding of 4 April 2002;
- details on renewed efforts to locate UNITA funds and financial resources currently frozen pursuant to existing measures;
- development of possible recommendations with regard to the issue of funds and financial resources which have been located by Member States and subsequently frozen pursuant to existing measures;
- details on ongoing monitoring and investigation of possible violations of the arms embargo established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) and prohibitions against the import from Angola of diamonds not controlled by the Government of Angola's certificate of origin scheme as called for under resolution 1173 (1998).

4. *Requests further* the monitoring mechanism to provide a further additional report to the Committee by 13 December 2002, focusing in particular on possible violations of measures imposed against UNITA that may have occurred since the signing of the Memorandum of Understanding of 4 April 2002 and the identification of UNITA funds and financial resources frozen pursuant to paragraph 11 of resolution 1173 (1998);

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General, upon adoption of this resolution and acting in consultation with the Committee to appoint two experts to serve on the monitoring mechanism and *further requests* the Secretary-General to make the necessary financial arrangements to support the work of the monitoring mechanism;

6. *Requests* the Chairman of the Committee to submit the additional report to the Council by 19 December 2002;

7. *Calls upon* all States to cooperate fully with the monitoring mechanism in the discharge of its mandate;

8. *Decides* that the provisions of paragraph 4 (a) and 4 (b) of resolution 1127 (1997) shall cease to have effect from 00:01 Eastern Standard Time on 14 November 2002, following the expiration of the suspension of the measures as set out in paragraph 1 of resolution 1432 (2002);

9. *Decides* to review, with a view to the possible lifting of, all the measures in resolutions 864 (1993), 1127 (1997) and 1173 (1998) by 19 November 2002, taking into account all available information, including from the Government of Angola and all other parties involved, on the implementation of the peace accords;

10. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.